

### Clinical Policy: Dasabuvir, Ombitasvir, Paritaprevir, Ritonavir (Viekira Pak)

Reference Number: GA.PMN.12

Effective Date: 12/16 Last Review Date: 7/2020 Line of Business: Medicaid

**Revision Log** 

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

#### **Description**

Dasabuvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir/ombitasvir (Viekira Pak<sup>™</sup>) is a combination of ombitasvir, a hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5A inhibitor, paritaprevir, a hepatitis C virus NS3/4A protease inhibitor, ritonavir, a CYP3A inhibitor and dasabuvir, a hepatitis C virus non-nucleoside NS5B palm polymerase inhibitor

#### **FDA** Approved Indication(s)

Viekira Pak is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with chronic HCV:

- Genotype 1b infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis;
- Genotype 1a infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis for use in combination with ribayirin.

#### Policy/Criteria

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation<sup>®</sup> that Viekira Pak is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Approval Criteria

\*\* Provider <u>must</u> submit documentation (including office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria \*\*

#### **A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection** (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection as evidenced by detectable HCV ribonucleic acid (RNA) levels in the last 6 months;
- 2. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 3. Confirmed HCV genotype is 1;

  \*Chart note documentation and copies of labs results are required
- Member must use sofosvubir/velpatasvir (Epclusa<sup>®</sup>) (authorized generic preferred) or Mavyret<sup>™</sup>, unless both are contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 5. If cirrhosis is present, confirmation of Child-Pugh A status;
- 6. Life expectancy  $\geq 12$  months with HCV treatment;
- 7. Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen (*in Section III Dosage and Administration*);

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- 8. Member is hepatitis B virus (HBV) negative, or if positive, documentation that concurrent HBV infection is being treated (e.g., tenofovir alafenamide, adefovir, entecavir), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced (*see Appendix E*);
- 9. If HCV/human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-1 co-infection, member is or will be on a suppressive antiretroviral drug regimen to reduce the risk of HIV-1 protease inhibitor drug resistance;
- 10. Dose does not exceed:
  - a. For Viekira Pak: ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir 25 mg/150 mg/100 mg (2 tablets) once daily and dasabuvir 500 mg (1 tablet) twice daily;
- 11. Member has none of the following contraindications:
  - a. Moderate to severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B and C);
  - b. Hypersensitivity to ritonavir (e.g., toxic epidermal necrolysis [TEN] or Stevens-Johnson syndrome);
  - c. Co-administration with drugs that are highly dependent on cytochrome P450 (CYP) 3A for clearance, moderate or strong inducers of CYP3A, strong inducers of CYP2C8, and drugs that are strong inhibitors of CYP2C8 gation as follows: alfuzosin HCL, ranolazine, dronedarone, carbamazepine, phenytoin, phenobarbital, colchicine, gemfibrozil, rifampin, lurasidone, pimozide, ergotamine, dihydroergotamine, methylergonovine, ethinyl estradiol-containing medications such as combined oral contraceptives, cisapride, St. John's Wort, lovastatin, simvastatin, efavirenz, sildenafil when dosed as Revatio for pulmonary arterial hypertension; triazolam, orally administered midazolam;
  - d. If prescribed with ribavirin, member has none of the following contraindications:
    - i. Pregnancy or possibility of pregnancy member or partner;
    - ii. Hypersensitivity to ribavirin;
    - iii. Coadministration with didanosine;
    - iv. Significant/unstable cardiac disease;
    - v. Hemoglobinopathy (e.g., thalassemia major, sickle cell anemia);
    - vi. Hemoglobin < 8.5 g/dL.

#### Approval duration: up to a total of 24 weeks\*

(\*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in in Section III Dosage and Administration)

**B. Other diagnoses/indications:** Refer to CP.PHAR.53 – No Coverage Criteria/Off-Label Use Policy if diagnosis is NOT listed in section I.

#### II. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

AASLD: American Association for the Study

of Liver Diseases

APRI: AST to platelet ratio CTP: Child Turcotte Pugh

CrCl: creatinine clearance

MRE: magnetic resonance elastography NS3/4A, NS5A/B: nonstructural protein

Peg-IFN: pegylated interferon

PI: protease inhibitor RBV: ribavirin



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FDA: Food and Drug Administration RNA: ribonucleic acid

FIB-4: Fibrosis-4 index

HCC: hepatocellular carcinoma

HCV: hepatitis C virus

IDSA: Infectious Diseases Society of America

### Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Epclusa <sup>®</sup>	Genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6:	One tablet (sofosbuvir
(sofosbuvir/	Without cirrhosis or with compensated	400 mg /velpatasvir 100
velpatasvir)	cirrhosis, treatment-naïve or pegIFN/	mg) per day
	RBV-experienced patient	
	One tablet PO QD for 12 weeks	
Epclusa <sup>®</sup>	Genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6:	One tablet (sofosbuvir
(sofosbuvir/	With decompensated cirrhosis treatment-	400 mg /velpatasvir 100
velpatasvir)	naïve or treatment-experienced* patient	mg) per day
	One tablet PO QD with weight-based	
	RBV for 12 weeks	
	(GT 1, 4, 5, or 6 with decompensated	
	cirrhosis and RBV-ineligible may use: one	
	tablet PO QD for 24 weeks) ‡	
Epclusa <sup>®</sup>	Genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6:	One tablet (sofosbuvir
(sofosbuvir/	With decompensated cirrhosis in whom	400 mg /velpatasvir 100
velpatasvir)	prior sofosbuvir- or NS5A-based treatment	mg) per day
	experienced failed	
	One tablet PO QD with weight-based	
	RBV for 24 weeks	
Epclusa <sup>®</sup>	Genotype 1b:	One tablet (sofosbuvir
(sofosbuvir/	With compensated cirrhosis or without	400 mg /velpatasvir 100
velpatasvir)	cirrhosis and non-NS5A inhibitor,	mg) per day
	sofosbuvir-containing regimen-	
	experienced	
	One tablet PO QD for 12 weeks	



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Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
W) 4		Maximum Dose
Mavyret <sup>TM</sup>	Treatment-naïve chronic HCV infection:	Mavyret: glecaprevir 300
(glecaprevir	<b>Genotypes 1, 4, 5, or 6</b>	mg/pibrentasvir 120 mg
/pibrentasvir)		(3 tablets) per day
	Without cirrhosis or with compensated	
	cirrhosis:	
	Three tablets PO QD for 8 weeks	
Mavyret <sup>™</sup>	Treatment-experienced with IFN/pegIFN	Mavyret: glecaprevir 300
(glecaprevir	+ RBV +/- sofosbuvir chronic HCV	mg/pibrentasvir 120 mg
/pibrentasvir)	infection:	(3 tablets) per day
	Genotypes 1, 4, 5, or 6	
	Without cirrhosis:	
	Three tablets PO QD for 8 weeks	
	Timee diolets 1 o QD for o weeks	
	With compensated cirrhosis:	
	Three tablets PO QD for 12 weeks	
Mavyret <sup>TM</sup>	Treatment-experienced with NS5A	Mavyret: glecaprevir 300
(glecaprevir	inhibitor without prior NS3/4A protease	mg/pibrentasvir 120 mg
/pibrentasvir)	inhibitor chronic HCV infection:	(3 tablets) per day
,	Genotype 1	, , , ,
	Without cirrhosis or with compensated	
	cirrhosis:	
	Three tablets PO QD for 16 weeks	
Mavyret <sup>TM</sup>	Treatment-experienced with NS3/4A	Mavyret: glecaprevir 300
(glecaprevir	protease inhibitor without prior NS5A	mg/pibrentasvir 120 mg
/pibrentasvir)	inhibitor chronic HCV infection:	(3 tablets) per day
/pioremasvii)		(3 tablets) per day
	Genotype 1	
	Without cirrhosis or with compensated	
	cirrhosis:	
	Three tablets PO QD for 12 weeks	
	1	

Theraputic alternatives are listed as Brand Name<sup>®</sup> (generic) when the drug is a available by brand name only and generic (Brand name<sup>®</sup>) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

#### Appendix C: Contraindications

Viekira Pak is contraindicated in:

- Patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B and C) due to risk of potential toxicity
- Viekira Pak is administered with RBV, the contraindications to RBV also apply to this combination regimen. Refer to the RBV prescribing information for a list of contraindications for RBV.

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- Co-administration with:
  - Drugs that are highly dependent on CYP3A for clearance and for which elevated plasma concentrations are associated with serious and/or life-threatening events
  - Drugs that are moderate or strong inducers of CYP3A and strong inducers of CYP2C8 and may lead to reduced efficacy of Viekira Pak
  - o Drugs that are strong inhibitors of CYP2C8 and may increase dasabuvir plasma concentrations and the risk of QT prolongation

Appendix D: Direct-Acting Antivirals for Treatment of HCV Infection

Brand	Drug Class				
Name	NS5A Inhibitor	Nucleotide Analog NS5B Polymerase Inhibitor	Non-Nucleoside NS5B Palm Polymerase Inhibitor	NS3/4A Protease Inhibitor (PI)**	CYP3A Inhibitor
Daklinza	Daclatasvir				
Epclusa*	Velpatasvir	Sofosbuvir			
Harvoni*	Ledipasvir	Sofosbuvir			
Olysio				Simeprevir	
Sovaldi		Sofosbuvir			
Technivie*	Ombitasvir			Paritaprevir	Ritonavir
Viekira PAK*	Ombitasvir		Dasabuvir	Paritaprevir	Ritonavir
.Zepatier*	Elbasvir			Grazoprevir	

<sup>\*</sup>Combination drugs

#### Appendix E: General Information

- Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Reactivation is a black box warning for all direct-acting
  antiviral drugs for the treatment of HCV. HBV reactivation has been reported when
  treating HCV for patients co-infected with HBV, leading to fulminant hepatitis, hepatic
  failure, and death, in some cases. Patients should be monitored for HBV reactivation
  and hepatitis flare during HCV treatment and post-treatment follow-up, with treatment
  of HBV infection as clinically indicated.
- For patients with HCV/HIV-1 (human immunodeficiency virus type-1) co-infection, the patient should be on a suppressive antiretroviral drug regimen to reduce the risk of HIV-1 protease inhibitor drug resistance.

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III.Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose	Reference
Genotype 1a: Treatment-naive or treatment- experienced with pegIFN/RBV without cirrhosis	Viekira Pak plus weight- based RBV for 12 weeks	Viekira Pak: paritaprevir 150 mg /ritonavir 100mg/ om bitasvir 25 mg per day; dasabuvir 500 mg per day	1) FDA-approved labeling 2) AASLD-IDSA (updated May 2018)
Genotype 1b: Treatment-naïve or treatment- experienced with pegIFN/RBV with or without compensated cirrhosis	Viekira Pak for 12 weeks		1) FDA-approved labeling 2) AASLD-IDSA (updated May 2018)

AASLD/IDSA treatment guidelines for chronic hepatitis C infection are updated at irregular intervals; refer to the most updated AASLD/IDSA guideline for most accurate treatment regimen.

The AASLD/IDSA HCV guidance updated September 2017 no longer recommends use of Viekira Pak for the treatment of genotype 1a with compensated cirrhosis.

### IV. Product Availability

Drug	Availability
Paritaprevir/ ritonavir/	Tablets: paritaprevir 75 mg, ritonavir 50 mg, ombitasvir 12.5
ombitasvir/ dasabuvir	mg
(Viekira Pak)	Tablets: dasabuvir 250 mg
	*Viekira Pak is dispensed in a monthly carton for a total of 28
	days of therapy. Each monthly carton contains four weekly
	cartons. Each weekly carton contains seven daily dose packs.

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#### V. References

- 1. Viekira Pak Prescribing Information. North Chicago, IL: Abbvie Pharmaceuticals Corp; December 2019. Available at https://www.rxabbvie.com/. Accessed April 30, 2020.
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- 1. CDC. Viral hepatitis: Q&As for health professionals. Last updated July 2, 2019. Available at: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/hcv/hcvfaq.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/hcv/hcvfaq.htm</a>. Accessed October 30, 2019.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals		Approval
		Date
New policy created, split from CP.PHAR.17 Hepatitis C Therapies.	08/16	09/16
HCV RNA levels over six-month period added to confirm infection is		
chronic. Life expectancy "≥12 months if HCC and awaiting transplant" is		
modified to indicate "≥12 months with HCV therapy." Testing criteria		
reorganized by "no cirrhosis"/"cirrhosis;" HCC population is included under		
"cirrhosis" and broadened to incorporate HCC amenable to curative		
measures (resection, ablation, transplant).		
Methods to diagnose fibrosis/cirrhosis are modified to require presence of		
HCC, liver biopsy or a combination of one serologic and one radiologic test.		
Serologic and radiologic tests are updated and correlated with METAVIR		
per Appendix B. Removed creatinine clearance restriction. Dosing regimens		
are presented in Appendix D and E per AASLD guidelines and FDA-		
approved indications. The initial approval period is shortened to 8 weeks.		



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Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
Removed criteria regarding medication prescribed by a specialist Remove criteria regarding having HCC or advanced liver disease Removed criteria regarding medication adherence program Removed criteria regarding sobriety from alcohol/illicit drugs	10/16	10/16
Added availability of full course of therapy as initial therapy consistent with appendix recommendation for initial criteria  Removed continuation criteria	4/17	4/17
Added preferencing information requiring Mavyret for FDA-approved indications. Exception made to require Hep B screening for all patients prior to treatment. Added do not exceed dosing restrictions	9/17	9/17
Annual review. No changes made.	3/18	3/18
Changed current Georgia policy templates to corporate standard templates for drug coverage criteria to meet corporate compliance. Changes/revisions included; new formatting, font size, use of standard policy language for each section of policy, and rearranged order of certain steps in criteria and sections. Added new preferred treatment tables that includes dosage and frequency based on genotype for Mavyret. Removed background sections. Updated general information and contraindication section to be consistent with corporate HCV policies.	2/21/19	2/19
Annual Review. Removed Viekira XR from policy as it was removed from the market 5/18. In the initial approval criteria, changed RNA detectable period from "over a 6 month period" to "in the last 6 months" for infection diagnosis.	10/19	10/19
RT4: updated Mavyret dosing recommendations to 8 weeks total duration of therapy for treatment-naïve HCV with compensated cirrhosis across all genotypes (1-6). Added preferencing for AG Epclusa or Mavyret; removed redirection to Mavyret based on contraindications criteria; Removed Appendix D for Metavir scoring. Removed dosing for Mavyret treatment-naïve. Updated order of all other Appendices. Updated references.	4/2020	4/2020
References reviewed and updated.	7/2020	7/2020

#### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or



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administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

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This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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