

Clinical Policy: Prosthetic Contact Lens for Iris Coloboma

Reference Number: CP.VP.34

Last Review Date: 08/2025

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Iris coloboma is a congenital anomaly due to the localized failure of the optic tissue to close during intrauterine development. Iris colobomas are generally of no visual consequence although patients may suffer from photophobia. This policy describes the medical necessity requirements for the use of prosthetic contact lenses to treat symptoms associated with an iris coloboma.

Policy/Criteria

- I. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® (Centene) and Envolve Vision, Inc.® (Envolve) that the use of prosthetic, colored, painted or tinted contact lenses in the presence of iris coloboma is **medically necessary** to decrease the following associated symptoms:
 - A. Photophobia;
 - B. Blurred vision; or
 - C. Ghost images.

Background

Coloboma may involve the iris, lens, retina, or optic nerve. The embryonic fissure normally closes around the 5th week of gestation (during pregnancy). Improper closure of the fissure causes a defect (coloboma) in one or more of the eye structures.

Coloboma of the iris may look like a black, round hole located in or next to the colored part of the eye (iris). It can look like a black notch of different depths at the edge of the pupil. This gives the pupil an irregular shape. It can also appear as a split in the iris from the pupil to the edge of the iris. The defect may extend to include the retina, choroid, or optic nerve. Colobomas are generally diagnosed at, or shortly after, birth.

Coloboma can occur due to eye surgery, inherited conditions or trauma to the eye. Most cases of coloboma have no known cause and are not related to other abnormalities. A small percentage of people with coloboma have other inherited developmental problems.

Coding Implications

This clinical policy references Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®). CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. All CPT codes and descriptions are copyrighted 2025, American Medical Association. All rights reserved. CPT codes and CPT descriptions are from the current manuals and those included herein are not intended to be all-inclusive and are included for informational purposes only. Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

CPT® Codes	Description
92310	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of and fitting of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation; corneal lens, both eyes, except for aphakia
92311	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of and fitting of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation; corneal lens for aphakia, 1 eye
92312	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of and fitting of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation; corneal lens for aphakia, both eyes
92313	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of and fitting of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation; corneoscleral lens
92314	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation and direction of fitting by independent technician; corneal lens, both eyes except for aphakia
92315	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation and direction of fitting by independent technician; corneal lens for aphakia, 1 eye
92316	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation and direction of fitting by independent technician; corneal lens for aphakia, both eyes
92317	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation and direction of fitting by independent technician; corneoscleral lens
92325	Modification of contact lens (separate procedure), with medical supervision of adaptation
92326	Replacement of contact lens

HCPCS Codes	Description
S0500	Disposable contact lens
S0512	Daily wear specialty contact lens, per lens
S0514	Color contact lens, per lens
V2500	Contact lens PMMA, spherical
V2501	Contact lens PMMA, toric/prism ballast
V2502	Contact lens PMMA, bifocal
V2503	Contact lens PMMA, color vision deficiency
V2510	Contact lens gas permeable, spherical
V2511	Contact lens gas permeable, toric/prism ballast
V2512	Contact lens gas permeable, bifocal
V2513	Contact lens gas permeable, extended wear
V2520	Contact lens hydrophilic
V2521	Contact lens hydrophilic, toric
V2522	Contact lens hydrophilic, bifocal
V2523	Contact lens hydrophilic, extended wear

HCPCS Codes	Description
V2524	Contact lens, hydrophilic, spherical, photochromic additive, per lens
V2525	Contact lens, hydrophilic, dual focus, per lens
V2526	Contact lens, hydrophilic, with blue-violet filter, per lens
V2530	Contact lens, scleral, gas impermeable, per lens
V2531	Contact lens, scleral, gas permeable, per lens
V2599	Contact lens, other type

ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria

+ Indicates a code requiring an additional character

ICD-10-CM Code	Description
Q13.0	Coloboma of iris
Q13.1	Absence of iris (aniridia)
Q13.2	Other congenital malformations of iris

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
Original approval date	12/2019	12/2019
Converted to new template	05/2020	06/2020
Annual Review; Added CPT and HCPCS codes; Updated references	12/2020	12/2020
Annual Review	12/2021	01/2022
Annual Review, Updated ICD-10 codes supporting coverage criteria to include absence of iris (aniridia).	11/2022	12/2022
Annual Review	11/2023	12/2023
Updated HCPCS codes for hydrophilic lenses.	11/2024	12/2024
Annual Review	08/2025	10/2025

References

1. Gregory-Evans CY, Williams MJ, Halford S, Gregory-Evans K. Ocular coloboma: a reassessment in the age of molecular neuroscience. *J Med Genet.* 2004;41(12):881-891.
2. Ohuchi H, Sato K, Habuta M, Fujita H, Bando T. Congenital eye anomalies: More mosaic than thought? *Congenit Anom (Kyoto).* 2019 May;59(3):56-73.
3. Porter D. Colombo Treatment. American Academy of Ophthalmology. March 2020. Available at: <https://www.aao.org/eye-health/diseases/coloboma-treatment>

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical

practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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Note: For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

Note: For Medicare members, to ensure consistency with the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), all applicable NCDs, LCDs, and Medicare Coverage Articles should be reviewed prior to applying the criteria set forth in this clinical policy. Refer to the CMS website at <https://www.cms.gov> for additional information.

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